

## 7.2.1

Documents related to  
the evidence of success  
for two best practices



DIRECTOR  
SAMATA DEGREE COLLEGE  
M.V.P. Colony, Mysore

## 1. BHASHA TARANG

### OBJECTIVES:

Bhasha Tarang is a thought-provoking practice initiated by the college, in order to create awareness among people about the importance of the mother languages in our country.

The main objective is to make people respect our native languages, by motivating and enlightening them about the beauty of mother tongue. Telugu, Hindi and Sanskrit were the main language, which were focused on that event, along with the worldwide communicated Language – English.

### CONTEXT:

The inspiration to conduct this event was taken from a real-life example.

In present nuclear family generation, the children are settled in abroad leaving the grandparents in the homeland. When they return with their kids to their hometown, the happiness of the grandparents did not long much as they were unable to communicate with their grandchildren. During the process of communication, the old people and the younger generation had a language barrier as both groups were unaware of the other's Languages. The grandmother and grandfather were unable to express their love and affection with their grandkids.

This led to the thought of conducting a language session to remind the younger generation, the importance of mother tongue in the process of communication, one should be able to know the languages spoken by the people they are close to. If we want people to understand us, first we have to have interest in talking to them in the language they speak or at least try to understand it. In this practice, the college tried to spike Interest in the students regarding the languages.

### PRACTISE:

The connotation of Bhasha Tarang is the junction of flow of all the different languages spoken in India This is a place, where the fusion of heritage and pride of the Country is highly appreciated and the motive to stimulate the device to possess more knowledge regarding the Country's language. To achieve the height of the success the college planned to conduct certain innovative sessions regarding the awareness and importance of Indian languages.

- Motivational speakers from other institutes were invited to speak about the

advantages of learning different native languages.

**EVIDENCES OF SUCCESS:**

Since the event contributed in taking Quiz competitions and poster presentation, and many students from other colleges participated in a large number, and prizes were distributed to the winners and runners to encourage them for more participations.

\* Many students were highly inspired and took a pledge to learn new languages which they wanted to learn since a long time but couldn't.

\* Certificates were distributed along with gifts by the Chief Guest and the Director & I/c Principal and the students were happy and pleased to have won the competitions.

\* So, from the overall session the students learned a lot about the different native languages, their origins and the influence across the Country, which enriched the spike of enthusiasm among all.





## 2. SPACE MANAGEMENT

### OBJECTIVES OF THE PRACTISE:

- The aim is to focus on in-used and abandoned lands, and convert them into useful and functional fields to the benefit of the community and the Environment.
- To achieve this goal, the whole focus was on two main aspects.
  - a) To cultivate useful vegetation like medicinal plants, green leafy vegetables, roots, and tubers etc..
  - b) To make the soil sustainable for the growth of plants with different communities to the extent possible.

### CONTEXT:

- To proceed with the project, student teams have been divided with the help and guidance of the authorized faculty.
- Teams were divided based on the tasks, they were supposed to do.
  - a) A leading team is given the main responsibility, and it outsources its sub-groups to give them their respective tasks in a systematic manner.
  - b) A team focuses on cleaning the area from weeds, debris, etc..
  - c) A team takes charge of the water supply and management.
  - d) A team tries to contend the pests and weeds from the plantation.
  - e) A team is contributed in collecting different varieties of plants which are unique and rare to grow.

### CHALLENGES:

- As temperature cannot be altered, it is quite a challenge to grow certain plants which require shade (or) semi-shade. Another major challenge was that a few landlords of the places, weren't much co-operative.

### THE PRACTISE:

- Students understood the techniques of sowing and growing the plants, their life cycles and the requirements.
- Students worked 2-3 hours a day after college and this dedication led to a progressive increase in the growth of the plants.

### **EVIDENCE OF SUCCESS:**

- All these efforts were seen and noticed by the neighbors and landlords, and the students were appreciated for this innovative idea and the hard work.
- These plants included a few of the green leafy vegetables like- Amaranthus, sovvelleavel (gongura), mint, fenugreek leaves, curry leaves and green Sovvel.
- A few of the medicinal plants, which were grown were lemongrass, ginger, turmeric, holy basil, multivitamin plant, Aloe vera, cardamom, henna, hibiscus, shampoo ginger?

### **PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED AND RESOURCES REQUIRED:**

- Though the project has been achieving its growth day by day a few problems were also encountered.
- A few plants Weeds were repeatedly grown no matter the number of times, they are been removed.
- Weather conditions are obviously one of the obstacles in this project. In the heavy rains, the students couldn't go, and many plants were damaged.

### **NOTES:**

- The idea of the space management project, started when the students visited biodiversity park a botanical garden in Rani Chandramani Devi Government hospital, in Visakhapatnam.
- An event was also conducted in the College, to create awareness among the students from other colleges, and to provide an opportunity for them to join in this project, and many colleges came forward to participate in the event, and the mission to convert the un-used land to useful medicinal (or) botanical gardens started in the name of- "space management".



